

Title: Why buy larger cars?

Summary: Explaining the decision of car type (Large car or small car) using macro-economic indicators based on three decision factors: 1) Economy, the cost to purchase and operate the vehicle; 2) Functionality, the customer needs provided by the vehicle; 3) Safety, the protection vehicle provides during accident.

Terminologies:

| <u>Name</u> | <u>Source</u> | <u>Year</u> | <u>Category and Meaning</u> |
|---|--|--------------------|---|
| Conventional Gas Price | Energy Information Administration | '13-'15 | Economy; More people buying higher MPG cars for cheap gas |
| USD to Euro Exchange Rate | Bloomberg | '13-'15 | Economy; More people buying European cars because of cheaper imported price |
| Vehicle registration count | US Department of Transportation | 2013 | Functionality; Higher vehicle density implies smaller cars fit better |
| Population density*** | United States Census Bureau | 2013 | Functionality; Smaller cars fit better |
| Obesity* | Centers for Disease Control and Prevention | 2013 | Functionality; Larger driver space |
| Average Family Size | StateMaster.com | 2004 | Functionality; Occupant capability |
| Snow depth*** | Weather Channel | '01-'13 | Safety; More snow, more demands on larger car |
| Deaths per 100,000 population** | Highway Loss Data Institute | 2013 | Safety; Higher accidental death, more concerns on safety |
| Occupant Death Rate Percentage Difference | Highway Loss Data Institute | 2013 | Safety; Difference in chance of occupant death after accident of large cars |
| Deaths per 100 million vehicle miles traveled* | Highway Loss Data Institute | 2013 | Safety; Higher accidental death rate, more concerns on safety |

(* p-value <0.1; ** p-value <0.05; *** p-value <0.01)

Findings:

The third party data are mutually independent. Regression analysis shows that most variables are statistically insignificant, those statically significant does not have a strong correlation (low R-sq value). The gas price does suggest a negative correlation with large car sales. The euro exchange is less correlated with the sales of European cars.

In the last slide, the two graphs show the two static variables we considered- Obesity Index and Snowfall- that can be correlated with the Large/European Car Preference. The red dots are relevant data by states, and the blue line is the trend line. We found that:

- 1) The trend line in blue shows that States with higher snowfall tends have a preference for large cars
- 2) The trend line shows States with higher Obesity Index tend to sell European cars less. (European cars are usually smaller than cars from other origin)