

①

Parametrization of Factor EffectsBinary Predictor y_i = # of bike trips on day i x_i = indicator of rain on day $i-1$, $x_i \in \{0, 1\}$ Linear Model

$$E[y_i | x_i] = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i \Rightarrow E[y_i | x_i = 0] = \beta_0 = \text{expected trips} = \mu_0 \text{ under no rain}$$

$$E[y_i | x_i = 1] = \beta_0 + \beta_1 = \text{exp. trips} = \mu_1 \text{ under rain}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \beta_0 &= \mu_0 \\ \beta_0 + \beta_1 &= \mu_1 \Rightarrow \mu_1 - \mu_0 = \beta_0 + \beta_1 - \beta_0 \\ &= \beta_1 \end{aligned}$$

 β_1 = difference in mean = "contrast" of μ_1, μ_0 .OLS estimation: given $\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x}$, obtain $\begin{cases} \hat{\mu}_0, \hat{\mu}_1 \\ \hat{\beta}_0, \hat{\beta}_1 \end{cases}$

Guess: $\hat{\mu}_0 = \text{mean}(y | x=0) = \bar{y}_0$
 $\hat{\mu}_1 = \text{mean}(y | x=1) = \bar{y}_1$

$$\pi \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \beta_0 = \mu_0 \\ \beta_1 = \mu_1 - \mu_0 \end{array} \right\} \text{ suggests } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \hat{\beta}_0 = \hat{\mu}_0 = \bar{y}_0 \\ \hat{\beta}_1 = \hat{\mu}_1 - \hat{\mu}_0 = \bar{y}_1 - \bar{y}_0 \end{array} \right.$$

Are these the OLS estimates of $\begin{pmatrix} \beta_0 \\ \beta_1 \end{pmatrix}$?

(2)

OLS Estimation: $\hat{\beta} = \begin{pmatrix} \hat{\beta}_0 \\ \hat{\beta}_1 \end{pmatrix} = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T y$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X^T y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \dots & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \sum y_i \\ \sum y_i x_i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} S \\ S_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S_1 = \text{SUM}(y[x=1])$$

$$S = \text{SUM}(y)$$

$$(X^T X) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \dots & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} n & n_1 \\ n_1 & n_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(X^T X)^{-1} = \frac{1}{n n_1 - n_1^2} \begin{bmatrix} n_1 & -n_1 \\ -n_1 & n \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{n_1(n - n_1)} \begin{bmatrix} n_1 & -n_1 \\ -n_1 & n \end{bmatrix}$$

$\nearrow$ # of 1s in X $\nwarrow$ # of zeros

$$\begin{pmatrix} \hat{\beta}_0 \\ \hat{\beta}_1 \end{pmatrix} = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T y = \frac{1}{n_1 n_0} \begin{bmatrix} n_1 S - n_1 S_1 \\ n S_1 - n_1 S \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\beta}_0 = \frac{1}{n_1 n_0} (n_1 S - n_1 S_1) = \frac{n_1}{n_1 n_0} (S - S_1) = \frac{S_0}{n_0} = \bar{y}_0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = \frac{1}{n_1 n_0} (n S_1 - n_1 S) = \frac{1}{n_1 n_0} ((n - n_1) S_1 - n_1 (S - S_1))$$

$$= \frac{n_0}{n_1 n_0} S_1 - \frac{S - S_1}{n_0} = \bar{y}_1 - \bar{y}_0 \quad \checkmark$$

③

Alternative Parametrizations

$$\text{let } x_i = \begin{cases} +1/2 & \text{if rain} \\ -1/2 & \text{if no rain} \end{cases}$$

$$E[Y|X] = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 X = \begin{cases} \alpha_0 + \alpha_1/2 & \text{under rain} = \mu_1 \\ \alpha_0 - \alpha_1/2 & \text{under no rain} = \mu_0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_0}{2} = \frac{\alpha_0 + \alpha_0}{2} = \underline{\underline{\alpha_0}}$$

$$\mu_1 - \mu_0 = \frac{\alpha_1}{2} + \frac{\alpha_1}{2} = \underline{\underline{\alpha_1}}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1/2 \\ 1 & -1/2 \\ 1 & 1/2 \\ 1 & -1/2 \end{pmatrix} \quad X^T Y = \begin{pmatrix} S \\ 1/2(S_1 - S_0) \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} \hat{\alpha}_0 \\ \hat{\alpha}_1 \end{pmatrix} = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T Y$$

Guess: $\begin{pmatrix} \hat{\alpha}_0 \\ \hat{\alpha}_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} (\bar{Y}_1 + \bar{Y}_0)/2 \\ (\bar{Y}_1 - \bar{Y}_0) \end{pmatrix}$ check!

$$\text{let } x_1 = 1 \text{ if rain, } 0 \text{ else} \\ x_2 = 1 \text{ if no rain, } 0 \text{ else}$$

$$E(Y|X_1, X_2) = \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 x_1 + \gamma_2 x_2$$

$$\Rightarrow X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\gamma} = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T Y$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 && \text{under rain} \\ &= \gamma_0 + \gamma_2 && \text{under no rain} \end{aligned}$$

Rank deficient design matrix!

$$(X^T X) = \begin{bmatrix} n & n_1 & n_0 \\ n_1 & n_1 & 0 \\ n_0 & 0 & n_0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} - r_1 \\ - r_2 \\ - r_3 \end{matrix} \quad r_3 = r_1 - r_2$$

model is overparametrized!

not invertible!

Try instead $x_1 = \text{rain indicator}$
 $x_0 = \text{no rain indicator}$

$$E(y | x_0, x_1) = \mu_0 x_0 + \mu_1 x_1 = \begin{cases} \mu_0 & x_0 = 1, x_1 = 0 \\ \mu_1 & x_1 = 1, x_0 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad X^T X = \begin{pmatrix} n_0 & 0 \\ 0 & n_1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (X^T X)^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1/n_0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/n_1 \end{pmatrix} \quad X^T y = \begin{pmatrix} n_0 \bar{y}_0 \\ n_1 \bar{y}_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(X^T X)^{-1} X^T y = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{y}_0 \\ \bar{y}_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$E(y | x) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x, \quad x \in \{0, 1\}$$

$$E(y | x) = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 x, \quad x \in \{-1/2, 1/2\}$$

$$E(y | x) = \mu_0 x_0 + \mu_1 x_1, \quad x_0 \in \{0, 1\}, x_1 \in \{0, 1\}, x_1 x_0 = 0$$

These parameterizations
 of the same mean model

All three models imply the same mean model for y_i :
 Two unrelated means, under each of the two x -conditions.

"Set to zero" parameterization: $E(y | x) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x$

$\beta_1 x$ = "effect" of x : Under one of the conditions (no rain), this is zero. (R-default)

"Sum to zero" parameterization: $E(y | x) = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 x$

$$\text{effect under rain} = \frac{\alpha_1}{2}$$

$$\text{no rain} = -\alpha_1/2$$

$$\text{rain effect} + \text{no rain effect} = 0$$

"ANOVA" parameterization: $E(y | x) = \mu_x$