## Homework 5

Due 3/7/2001

1. For a random vector  $\epsilon \in \Re^n$ ,  $\epsilon$  is called exchangeable if  $\epsilon$  has the same distribution as any permutation of the vector  $\epsilon$ . If  $\epsilon$  is exchangeable, prove that  $E(\epsilon) = \mathbf{1}\delta$  ( $\delta \in \Re$ ), and that the  $\text{Cov}(\epsilon) = \Sigma$  has the form

$$\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} a & & & \\ & a & b & \\ & b & \ddots & \\ & & & & a \end{bmatrix}$$

i.e.  $var(\epsilon_i) = a$  for all i and  $cov(\epsilon_i, \epsilon_j) = b$ ,  $i \neq j$ .  $\Sigma$  is said to have the form of an intra-class correlation matrix.

- 2. (a) For  $Y \in \Re^n$ , assume that  $E(Y) = \mu \in M$  and  $Y = \mu + \epsilon$ , where  $\epsilon$  has an exchangeable distribution with  $\delta = 0$ . Show that  $\Sigma$  can be written as  $\alpha P_e + \beta Q_e$ ,  $\alpha > 0, \beta > 0$ , where  $P_e$  is the projection onto the space e = S(1), the space spanned by the n-dimensional vector of ones;  $Q_e = I_n P_e$ .
  - (b) Prove that  $\Sigma$  is nonsingular iff  $\alpha \neq 0$  and  $\beta \neq 0$ . (what does this imply about conditions on a and b?) Show that  $\Sigma^{-1} = (1/\alpha)P_e + (1/\beta)Q_e$  (for  $\Sigma > 0$ ).
  - (c) If  $e \in M$  or  $e \in M^{\perp}$ , show that the Gauss-Markov and least squares estimators for  $\mu$  are the same for each  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ .
  - (d) If  $e \notin M$  and  $e \notin M^{\perp}$ , show that there are values of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  so that the least squares and Gauss-Markov estimators of  $\mu$  differ.
  - (e) If  $Y \sim N(\mu, \Sigma)$  with  $\Sigma$  having the above form, and  $M \subseteq (S(e))^{\perp}$   $(M \neq (S(e))^{\perp})$ , find the maximum likelihood estimates for  $\mu$ ,  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ . What happens when M = S(e)?